# Exercises: Polymorphism

Problems for exercises and homework for the ["C# OOP" course @ SoftUni"](https://softuni.bg/trainings/3008/csharp-oop-october-2020).

You can check your solutions here: <https://judge.softuni.bg/Contests/1504/Polymorphism-EHooxercise>

## Vehicles

Write a program that models 2 vehicles (a **Car** and a **Truck**) and simulates **driving** and **refueling** them. **Car** and **truck** both have **fuel quantity**, **fuel consumption** **in liters** **per km** and can be **driven a given distance** and **refueled with a given amount of fuel.** Its summer, so both vehicles use air conditioners and their **fuel consumption** per km is **increased** by **0.9** liters for the **car** and with **1.6** liters for the **truck**. Also, the **truck** has a tiny hole in its tank and when it’s **refueled** it keeps only **95%** of the given **fuel**. The **car** has no problems and adds **all the given fuel to its tank.** If a vehicle cannot travel the given distance, its fuel does not change.

### **Input**

* On the first line – information about the car in the format: "Car {fuel quantity} {liters per km}"
* On the second line – info about the truck in the format: "Truck {fuel quantity} {liters per km}"
* On the third line – the number of commands N that will be given on the next N lines
* On the next N lines – commands in the format:
* "Drive Car {distance}"
* "Drive Truck {distance}"
* "Refuel Car {liters}"
* "Refuel Truck {liters}"

### **Output**

* After each Drive command, if there was enough fuel, print on the console a message in the format:
* "Car/Truck travelled {distance} km"
* If there was not enough fuel, print: "Car/Truck needs refueling"
* After the End command, print the remaining fuel for both the car and the truck, rounded to 2 digits after the floating point in the format:
* **"Car: {liters}"**
* **"Truck: {liters}"**

### Examples

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| Car 15 0.3  Truck 100 0.9  4  Drive Car 9  Drive Car 30  Refuel Car 50  Drive Truck 10 | Car travelled 9 km  Car needs refueling  Truck travelled 10 km  Car: 54.20  Truck: 75.00 |
| Car 30.4 0.4  Truck 99.34 0.9  5  Drive Car 500  Drive Car 13.5  Refuel Truck 10.300  Drive Truck 56.2  Refuel Car 100.2 | Car needs refueling  Car travelled 13.5 km  Truck needs refueling  Car: 113.05  Truck: 109.13 |

## Vehicles Extension

Use your solution of the **previous** task for the starting point and add more functionality. Add a new vehicle – **Bus**. Add to every **vehicle** a new property – **tank** **capacity**. A vehicle cannot **start** **with** or **refuel** **above** its **tank** **capacity**.

If you **try to put more fuel** in the tank than the **available space,** print on the console **"Cannot fit {fuel amount} fuel in the tank"** and **do not add any fuel** in the vehicle’s tank. If you try to **create** a vehicle with **more** **fuel** than its **tank** **capacity**, **create** it but start with an **empty** **tank**.

Add a **new command** for the bus. You can **drive** the **bus** **with or without people**. **With people**, the **air-conditioner** **is turned on** and its **fuel consumption** per kilometer is **increased by 1.4 liters**. If there are **no people in the bus**, the air-conditioner is **turned off** and **does not increase** the fuel consumption.

Finally, add a **validation** for the **amount** of **fuel** given to the **Refuel** **command** – if it is 0 or negative, print **"Fuel must be a positive number"**.

### Input

* On the **first** **three** **lines** you will receive information about the vehicles in the format:
* **"**Vehicle {initial fuel quantity} {liters per km} {tank capacity}**"**
* On the fourth line – the number of commands N that will be given on the next N lines
* On the next N lines – commands in format:
* **"**Drive Car {distance}**"**
* **"**Drive Truck {distance}**"**
* **"**Drive Bus {distance}**"**
* **"**DriveEmpty Bus {distance}**"**
* **"**Refuel Car {liters}**"**
* **"**Refuel Truck {liters}**"**
* **"**Refuel Bus {liters}**"**

### Output

* After each Drive command, if there was enough fuel, print on the console a message in the format:
* "Car/Truck travelled {distance} km"
* If there was not enough fuel, print:
* "Car/Truck needs refueling"
* If you try to refuel with an amount **≤ 0** print:
* "Fuel must be a positive number"
* If the given fuel cannot fit in the tank, print:
* "Cannot fit {fuel amount} fuel in the tank"
* After the End command, print the remaining fuel for all vehicles, rounded to 2 digits after the floating point in the format:
* **"Car: {liters}"**
* **"Truck: {liters}"**
* **"Bus: {liters}"**

### Example

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| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| Car 30 0.04 70  Truck 100 0.5 300  Bus 40 0.3 150  8  Refuel Car -10  Refuel Truck 0  Refuel Car 10  Refuel Car 300  Drive Bus 10  Refuel Bus 1000  DriveEmpty Bus 100  Refuel Truck 1000 | Fuel must be a positive number  Fuel must be a positive number  Cannot fit 300 fuel in the tank  Bus travelled 10 km  Cannot fit 1000 fuel in the tank  Bus needs refueling  Cannot fit 1000 fuel in the tank  Car: 40.00  Truck: 100.00  Bus: 23.00 |

## Raiding

Your task is to create a class hierarchy like the described below. The **BaseHero** class should be abstract.

* **BaseHero – string Name, int Power, string CastAbility()**
  + **Druid – power = 80**
  + **Paladin – power = 100**
  + **Rogue – power = 80**
  + **Warrior – power = 100**

Each hero should override the **CastAbility()** method:

**Druid – "{Type} – {Name} healed for {Power}"**

**Paladin – "{Type} – {Name} healed for {Power}"**

**Rogue – "{Type} – {Name} hit for {Power} damage"**

**Warrior – "{Type} – {Name} hit for {Power} damage"**

Now use the classes you created to form a raid group and defeat a boss. You will receive an integer **N** from the console. On the next lines you will receive **{heroName}** and **{heroType}** until you create **N** amount of heroes. If the hero type is invalid print: **"Invalid hero!"** and don’t add it to the raid group. After the raid group is formed you will receive an integer from the console which will be the boss’s power. Then each of the heroes in the raid group should cast his ability once. You should sum the power of all of the heroes and if the total power is greater or equal to the boss’s power you have defeated him and you should print:

**"Victory!"**

Else print:

**"Defeat..."**

### Bonus\*

Use the [Factory](https://www.c-sharpcorner.com/article/factory-method-design-pattern-in-c-sharp/) Design pattern to instantiate the classes.

### Constraints

You need to create heroes until you have **N** amount of **valid** heroes.

### Example

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| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| 3  Mike  Paladin  Josh  Druid  Scott  Warrior  250 | Paladin - Mike healed for 100  Druid - Josh healed for 80  Warrior - Scott hit for 100 damage  Victory! |
| 2  Mike  Warrior  Tom  Rogue  200 | Warrior - Mike hit for 100 damage  Rogue - Tom hit for 80 damage  Defeat... |

## Wild Farm

Your task is to create a **class** **hierarchy** like the **described** **below**. The **Animal**, **Bird**, **Mammal**, **Feline** and **Food** classes should be **abstract**. Override the method **ToString()**.

* **Food – int Quantity;**
  + **Vegetable;**
  + **Fruit;**
  + **Meat;**
  + **Seeds;**
* **Animal – string Name, double Weight, int FoodEaten;**
  + **Bird – double WingSize;**
    - **Owl;**
    - **Hen;**
  + **Mammal – string LivingRegion;**
    - **Mouse;**
    - **Dog;**
    - **Feline – string Breed;**
      * **Cat;**
      * **Tiger;**

All **animals** should also have the **ability** to ask for food by **producing** a **sound**.

* **Owl – "Hoot Hoot";**
* **Hen – "Cluck";**
* **Mouse – "Squeak";**
* **Dog – "Woof!";**
* **Cat – "Meow";**
* **Tiger – "ROAR!!!";**

Now use the **classes that** you have created to **instantiate** some **animals** and **feed** **them**.  
Input should be read from the console. Every **even** line (starting from 0) will **contain** **information** about an **animal** in the following format:

* **Felines - "{Type} {Name} {Weight} {LivingRegion} {Breed}";**
* **Birds - "{Type} {Name} {Weight} {WingSize}";**
* **Mice and Dogs - "{Type} {Name} {Weight} {LivingRegion}";**

On the **odd** lines, you will receive **information** about a piece of **food** that you should **give** to that **animal**. The line will consist of a **FoodType** and **quantity**, separated by a whitespace.

Animals will only eat a certain type of food, as follows:

* **Hens** eat **everything**;
* **Mice** eat **vegetables** and **fruits**;
* **Cats** eat **vegetables** and **meat**;
* **Tigers**, **Dogs** and **Owls** eat **only** **meat**;

If you try to give an animal a different type of food, it will not eat it and you should print:

* **"{AnimalType} does not eat {FoodType}!"**

The **weight** of an **animal** will **increase** with **every** **piece** of **food** it **eats**, as follows:

* **Hen – 0.35;**
* **Owl – 0.25;**
* **Mouse – 0.10;**
* **Cat – 0.30;**
* **Dog – 0.40;**
* **Tiger – 1.00;**

Override the **ToString()** method to print the information about an animal in the formats:

* **Birds –** **"{AnimalType} [{AnimalName}, {WingSize}, {AnimalWeight}, {FoodEaten}]"**
* **Felines – "{AnimalType} [{AnimalName}, {Breed}, {AnimalWeight}, {AnimalLivingRegion}, {FoodEaten}]"**
* **Mice and Dogs –** **"{AnimalType} [{AnimalName}, {AnimalWeight}, {AnimalLivingRegion}, {FoodEaten}]"**

After you have read the **information** about the **animal** and the **food**, the **animal** will **produce a** **sound** (**print** it on the **console**). Next, you should **try** to **feed** it. After receiving the “**End**” command, **print** information about **every** **animal** in **order** of **input**.

### Example

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| Cat Pesho 1.1 Home Persian  Vegetable 4  End | Meow  Cat [Pesho, Persian, 2.3, Home, 4] |
| Tiger Typcho 167.7 Asia Bengal  Vegetable 1  Dog Doncho 500 Street  Vegetable 150  End | ROAR!!!  Tiger does not eat Vegetable!  Woof!  Dog does not eat Vegetable!  Tiger [Typcho, Bengal, 167.7, Asia, 0]  Dog [Doncho, 500, Street, 0] |
| Mouse Jerry 0.5 Anywhere  Fruit 1000  Owl Toncho 2.5 30  Meat 5  End | Squeak  Hoot Hoot  Mouse [Jerry, 100.5, Anywhere, 1000]  Owl [Toncho, 30, 3.75, 5] |